The top-left portion of the slide features a complex, abstract pattern of thin, black, overlapping lines. These lines form various geometric shapes, including triangles and polygons, some of which are nested or intersected by others, creating a sense of depth and movement. The lines are thin and black, set against a plain white background.

# **WHAT IS NG-ZONE AND HOW IT TRIGGER CHANGE DETECTION IN ANGULAR**

Tu Hoang

# ABOUT ME

Hi, My name is Tu

- Software Engineer at **Tagform**
- <https://andyt2503.github.io/>

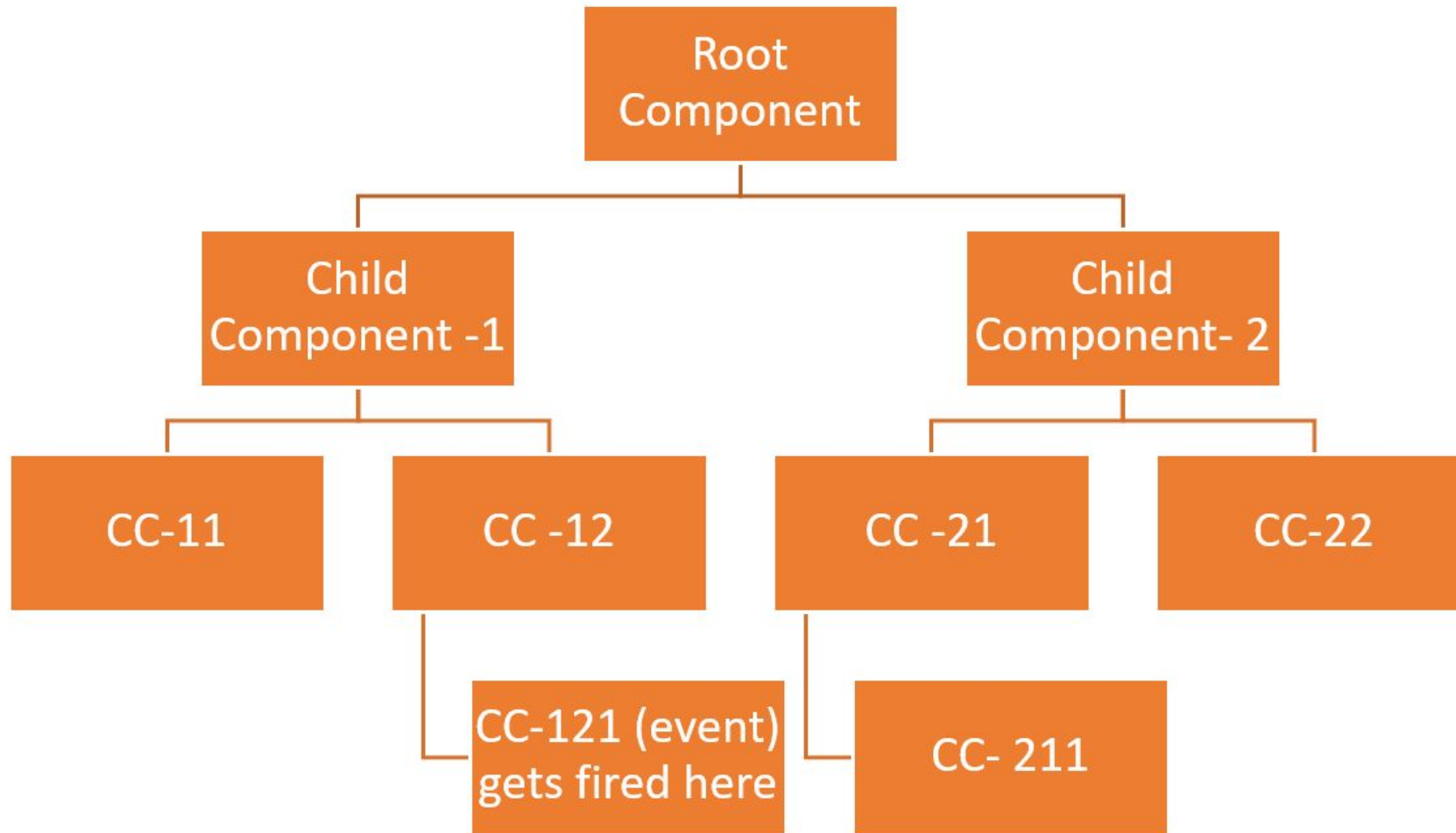


# OUTLINE

1. What is Change Detection?
2. What is NgZone?
3. How NgZone trigger Change Detection?

# WHAT IS CHANGE DETECTION?

- Change detection is the process through which Angular checks to see whether your application state has changed, and if any DOM needs to be updated.
- At a high level, Angular walks your components from top to bottom, looking for changes.



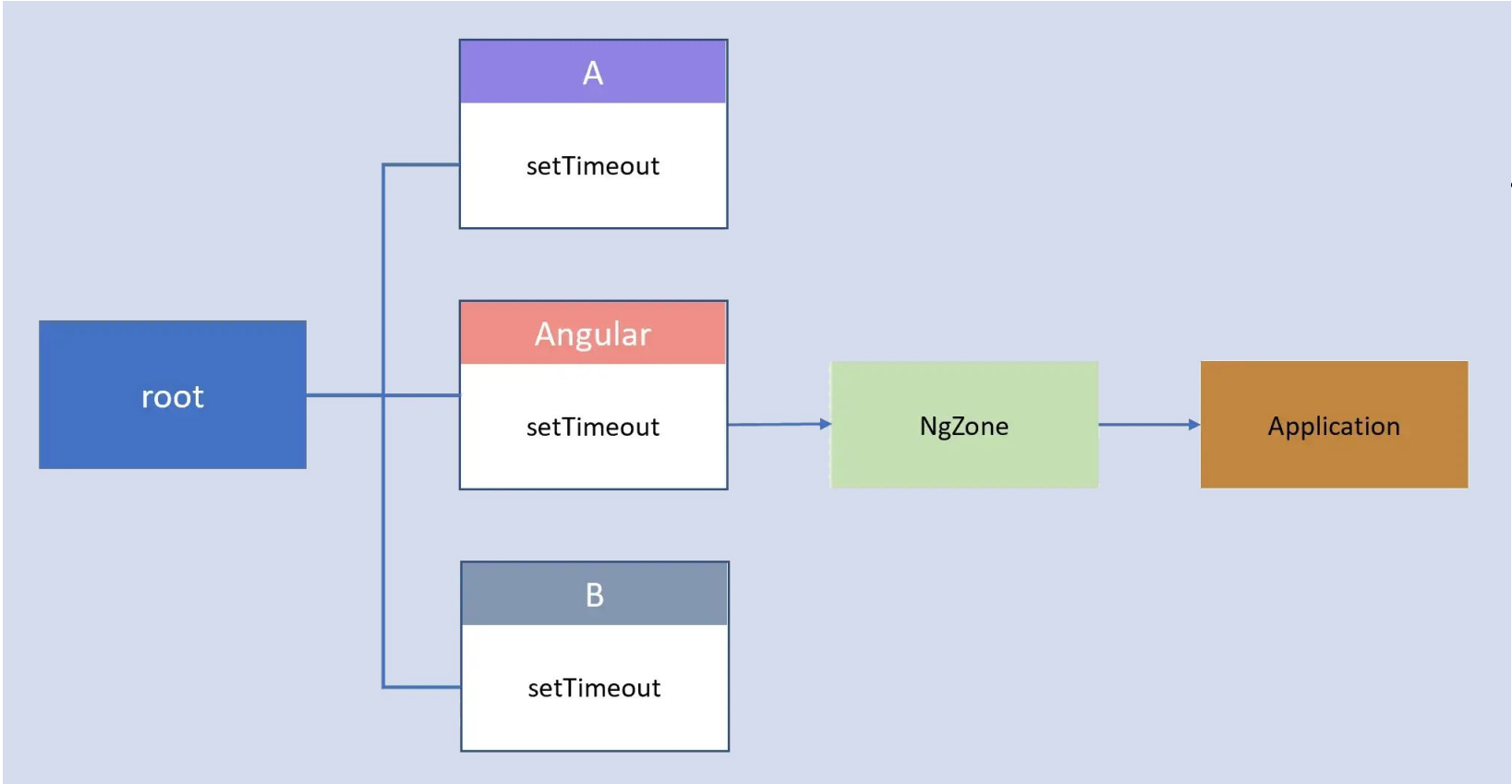
# WHEN ANGULAR TRIGGER CHANGE DETECTION?

- Component initialization.
- The DOM event listener.
- HTTP Data Request.
- Invoke some macroTasks such as `setTimeout()` or `setInterval()`.
- Invoke some microTasks such as `Promise.then()`.
- Other async operations like `WebSocket.onmessage()` and `Canvas.toBlob()`.

## WHAT IS ZONE.JS?

- A **Zone** is an execution context that persists across async tasks
- **Zone.js** provide a mechanism to intercept the scheduling and calling of asynchronous operations
- Interceptor logic can execute additional code before or after the task.
- These rules are defined individually for each zone when it's being created.

# WHAT IS ZONE.JS?





# WHAT IS NGZONE?

```
export class NgZone {  
  constructor(...) {  
    forkInnerZoneWithAngularBehavior(self);  
  }  
}  
  
function forkInnerZoneWithAngularBehavior(zone: NgZonePrivate) {  
  zone._inner = zone._inner.fork({ ... });  
}
```

# WHAT IS NGZONE?

```
function forkInnerZoneWithAngularBehavior(zone: NgZonePrivate) {
  const delayChangeDetectionForEventsDelegate = () => {
    delayChangeDetectionForEvents(zone);
  };
  zone._inner = zone._inner.fork({
    name: 'angular',
    properties: <any>{'isAngularZone': true},
    onInvokeTask: ...
  },
  onInvoke: ...
  },
  onHasTask:
    (delegate: ZoneDelegate, current: Zone, target: Zone, hasTaskState: HasTaskState) => {...
  },
  onHandleError: (delegate: ZoneDelegate, current: Zone, target: Zone, error: any): boolean => {...
  }
});
}
```

# WHAT IS NGZONE?

<b>HOOKS</b>	<b>DETAILS</b>
<b>onInvokeTask</b>	Triggers when the callback of asynchronous task is about to run
<b>onHasTask</b>	Triggers when the status of one kind of task inside a zone changes from stable to unstable or from unstable to stable
<b>onInvoke</b>	Triggers when a synchronous function is going to run in the zone.
<b>onHandleError</b>	Triggers when when asynchronous task has error

# HOW NGZONE TRIGGER CHANGE DETECTION?



```
1  export class NgZone {
2      constructor({ enableLongStackTrace, shouldCoalesceEventChangeDetection, shouldCoalesceRunChangeDetection }: {
3          enableLongStackTrace?: boolean | undefined;
4          shouldCoalesceEventChangeDetection?: boolean | undefined;
5          shouldCoalesceRunChangeDetection?: boolean | undefined;
6      });
7      // (undocumented)
8      static assertInAngularZone(): void;
9      // (undocumented)
10     static assertNotInAngularZone(): void;
11     // (undocumented)
12     readonly hasPendingMacrotasks: boolean;
13     // (undocumented)
14     readonly hasPendingMicrotasks: boolean;
15     // (undocumented)
16     static isInAngularZone(): boolean;
17     readonly isStable: boolean;
18     readonly onError: EventEmitter<any>;
19     readonly onMicrotaskEmpty: EventEmitter<any>;
20     readonly onStable: EventEmitter<any>;
21     readonly onUnstable: EventEmitter<any>;
22     run<T>(fn: (...args: any[]) => T, applyThis?: any, applyArgs?: any[]): T;
23     runGuarded<T>(fn: (...args: any[]) => T, applyThis?: any, applyArgs?: any[]): T;
24     runOutsideAngular<T>(fn: (...args: any[]) => T): T;
25     runTask<T>(fn: (...args: any[]) => T, applyThis?: any, applyArgs?: any[], name?: string): T;
26 }
```



```
1  onInvokeTask:
2    (delegate: ZoneDelegate, current: Zone, target: Zone, task: Task, applyThis: any,
3     applyArgs: any): any => {
4      try {
5        onEnter(zone);
6        return delegate.invokeTask(target, task, applyThis, applyArgs);
7      } finally {
8        if ((zone.shouldCoalesceEventChangeDetection && task.type === 'eventTask') ||
9            zone.shouldCoalesceRunChangeDetection) {
10         delayChangeDetectionForEventsDelegate();
11       }
12       onLeave(zone);
13     }
14   },
```



```
1  onInvoke:
2      (delegate: ZoneDelegate, current: Zone, target: Zone, callback: Function, applyThis: any,
3         applyArgs?: any[], source?: string): any => {
4          try {
5              onEnter(zone);
6              return delegate.invoke(target, callback, applyThis, applyArgs, source);
7          } finally {
8              if (zone.shouldCoalesceRunChangeDetection) {
9                  delayChangeDetectionForEventsDelegate();
10             }
11             onLeave(zone);
12         }
13     },
```



```
1  onHasTask:
2      (delegate: ZoneDelegate, current: Zone, target: Zone, hasTaskState: HasTaskState) => {
3          delegate.hasTask(target, hasTaskState);
4          if (current === target) {
5              // We are only interested in hasTask events which originate from our zone
6              // (A child hasTask event is not interesting to us)
7              if (hasTaskState.change === 'microTask') {
8                  zone._hasPendingMicrotasks = hasTaskState.microTask;
9                  updateMicroTaskStatus(zone);
10             checkStable(zone);
11             } else if (hasTaskState.change === 'macroTask') {
12                 zone.hasPendingMacrotasks = hasTaskState.macroTask;
13             }
14         }
15     },
```





```
1  function onLeave(zone: NgZonePrivate) {  
2    zone._nesting--;  
3    checkStable(zone);  
4  }
```



```
1 function checkStable(zone: NgZonePrivate) {  
2   if (zone._nesting == 0 && !zone.hasPendingMicrotasks && !zone.isStable) {  
3     try {  
4       zone._nesting++;  
5       zone.onMicrotaskEmpty.emit(null);  
6     } finally {  
7       zone._nesting--;  
8       if (!zone.hasPendingMicrotasks) {  
9         try {  
10          zone.runOutsideAngular(() => zone.onStable.emit(null));  
11          } finally {  
12            zone.isStable = true;  
13          }  
14        }  
15      }  
16    }  
17  }
```



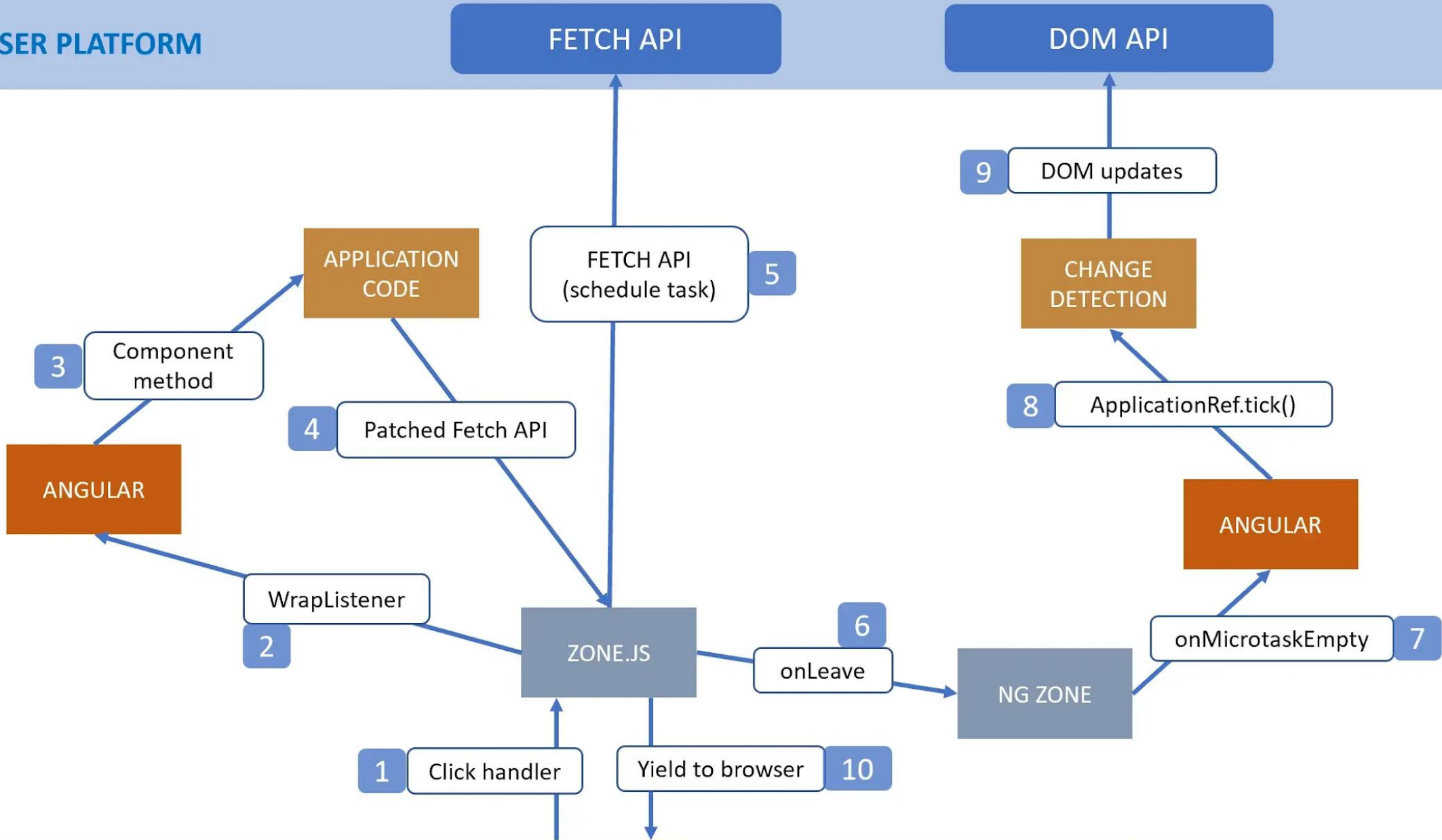
```
1  @Injectable({providedIn: 'root'})
2  export class ApplicationRef {
3
4
5    /** @internal */
6    constructor(
7      private _zone: NgZone,
8      private _injector: EnvironmentInjector,
9      private _exceptionHandler: ErrorHandler,
10   ) {
11     this._onMicrotaskEmptySubscription = this._zone.onMicrotaskEmpty.subscribe({
12       next: () => {
13         this._zone.run(() => {
14           this.tick();
15         });
16       }
17     });
```

```
1 tick(): void {
2   NG_DEV_MODE && this.warnIfDestroyed();
3   if (this._runningTick) {
4     throw new RuntimeError(
5       RuntimeErrorCode.RECURSIVE_APPLICATION_REF_TICK,
6       ngDevMode && 'ApplicationRef.tick is called recursively');
7   }
8
9   try {
10    this._runningTick = true;
11    for (let view of this._views) {
12      view.detectChanges();
13    }
14    if (typeof ngDevMode === 'undefined' || ngDevMode) {
15      for (let view of this._views) {
16        view.checkNoChanges();
17      }
18    }
19  } catch (e) {
20    // Attention: Don't rethrow as it could cancel subscriptions to Observables!
21    this._zone.runOutsideAngular(() => this._exceptionHandler.handleError(e));
22  } finally {
23    this._runningTick = false;
24  }
25 }
```

# BROWSER PLATFORM

## FETCH API

## DOM API



JavaScript

Style

Layout

Paint

Composite

FRAME

# CAN I USING ANGULAR WITHOUT ZONEJS?



```
1 platformBrowserDynamic()  
2   .bootstrapModule(AdminDashboardModule, {ngZone: 'noop'})  
3   .catch(err => console.error(err));
```



```
1  export class DashboardComponent implements OnInit {
2      value = 1;
3      constructor(
4          private applicationRef: ApplicationRef
5      ) { }
6
7      ngOnInit(): void {
8      }
9
10     update(): void {
11         this.value = 2;
12         this.applicationRef.tick();
13     }
14
15 }
```



```
1  export class DashboardComponent implements OnInit {  
2    value = 1;  
3    constructor(  
4      private cdr: ChangeDetectorRef  
5    ) { }  
6  
7    ngOnInit(): void {  
8    }  
9  
10   update(): void {  
11     this.value = 2;  
12     this.cdr.detectChanges();  
13   }  
14  
15 }
```





THANK YOU FOR LISTENING

Tu Hoang